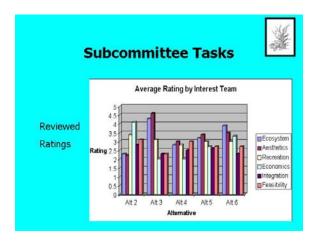
UPPER DESCHUTES RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN ISSUE TEAM MEETING APRIL 1, 2003

Agenda

9:00-9:15	Greetings
9:15-9:45	Overview & Subcommittee Recommendations
9:45-10:45	Subcommittee's Areas of Consensus
10:45-11:00	Break
11:00-11:45	Interest Groups: Consensus/Not
11:45-12:00	Report Out to All Group
12:00-1:15	Lunch
1:15-2:00	Interest Groups: Minority Reports
2:00-2:15	Break
2:15-3:00	Subcommittee: Minority Reports
3:00-3:30	Other Areas of Consensus:
	Military, Recreation, Transportation, Economic Viability
3:30-4:00	Public Comment

Mollie presented the following Over view

Upper Deschutes Resource Management Plan



Recommending A Preferred Alternative



- 5 Interest Teams selected the Subcommittee
- · Represented by those interested and willing
- Both Objective and Subjective Point the Way

Subcommittee Tasks



Starting with Alternative 6

- Focused on meeting interests
- · Identified Areas of Agreement
- Identified Aspects to Improve



Focused "Aspects to Improve"

Subcommittee Discussions



- · Four key areas to work toward consensus
- · Using members' most effectively
- · Complete task by April 1

- Options to meet multiple interests
- Worked in subgroups
 - During larger group meetings
 - Separate meetings and bring to larger group
- · Formed the basis for the agreements today
- · Large group to make final recommendation

Categories of Consensus



Some conditional until more detail is provided

No Consensus

Discussed in detail - no agreement Limited discussion

Limited ability to meet multiple interests

May Have Consensus

Consensus

Limited discussion Unknown until more detail is provided No "aspects to improve" identified

Your Focus Today



- · "Consensus" column
- · Minority/Majority Reports
- · "May Have" Consensus Column

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Recommendation Process

- · Present the concepts BLM staff
- · Interest Teams recommend to subcommittee
- Subcommittee discuss the team recommendations, finalize recommendation, majority/minority report to PAC Subcommittee

Recommendations



- Consensus
- Agree with all or parts of the Consensus Column
- · Minority/Majority Reports
 - Capture interests that are not met by consensus proposal
 - Describe other options you think might better meet all interests
- · Uncertainty in Consensus
 - Capture key points of uncertainty with Consensus



Next Steps

- Recommendation will go to PAC Subcommittee
 - Tentative meeting date scheduled
- Full PAC meeting will discuss final recommendation
 - Tentative meeting date scheduled
- Recommendation will also go to intergovernmental cooperators for comment

Prepare the DEIS



- Complete DEIS and Preferred Alternative
- State and Washington Office Briefings

· DEIS to printer

· Publish

• 90-day comment period

July- Aug 2003

June 2003

June 2003

September 2003

Oct-Dec 2003

Interest Teams Next Steps



- · Subcommittee assist in finalizing consensus
- · Report to PAC on collaboration process
- As requested participate in briefings for State/Washington Office
- Next year- preparation of Final Proposed Management Plan

Summary



- · Subcommittee put in long, hard hours
- · Collaboration process is not easy
- · Process is not perfect
- · You continue to have an influence
- · Future of similar collaborations

BLM IDT reviewed areas of consensus and no consensus (the table and hand outs beginning on following page summarize the areas of consensus and no consensus)

<u>Interest/Options – Preferred Alternative Differences from Alternative 6</u>

Interest	Consensus	No Consensus	May Have Consensus
Aspects to Improve			
1. Health of wildlife			
habitat ,diversity of			
recreational			
opportunities and			
aesthetic values			
Improve sage grouse habitat protection and decrease amount of area closed to motorized use during winter use season	Area south of Juniper Acres subdivision and north of West Butte changes from motorized use on designated roads and trails to non-motorized emphasis (designated roads only). In North Millican Area		Integrating vegetation management objectives for shrub-steppe and WUIs with functional trail system attributes (eg: juniper as screens, barriers, etc)
	Dry Canyon remains closed to motorized use. Smith Canyon change from non-motorized exclusive to multi-use subject to the following conditions: Develop objectives/guidelines for a winter		Specific management policy for South Millican area, seasonal use period to implement, or reduction in road/trail density.
	use motorized trail system that will provide for equivalent or improved sage grouse habitat as that provided with current seasonal closures. Use the concepts of maintaining 70% habitat effectiveness¹ leaving a mosaic of large blocks of unfragmented suitable habitat (eg: 1000-2500 ac) with an average trail density of about 1.5 mi/sq mi (some areas higher/lower)²		
Improve general wildlife protection ³ and	Designate the following additional areas as exclusive non-motorized recreation		Size of closure area at north tip of Millican Plateau

¹ Example discussed was using an elk winter habitat effectiveness model as a surrogate ² *Italics indicates some consensus on approach – but not on specifics* ³³ Includes deer, elk, and pronghorn winter range

Interest	Consensus	No Consensus	May Have Consensus
Aspects to Improve emphasize non- motorized recreation and natural and aesthetic values	emphasis: Area west of Deschutes River and east of Cline Falls Highway. (changed from multiuse motorized and non-motorized on separate trails) Area south of Alfalfa Market Road and north of Dodds Road (changed from non-motorized emphasis (motorized use on designated roads only)) Maintain the exclusive non-motorized designation as in Alt 6: Smith Rock Tumalo block Horse Ridge North of Prineville Reservoir and east of Crooked River (Chimney Rock area) Designate the following areas as non-motorized trail emphasis (motorized use on roads only) Mayfield area southeast of Powell Butte Highway and north of Alfalfa Market Road (changed from multi-use) (both motorized and non-motorized sharing same facilities)) Area south of Juniper Acres subdivision and north of West Butte (changed from motorized use on designated roads and trails)	What management policy is used for Millican Valley OHV area, what specific road and trail density standards and unfragmented block size could be used to allow winter or year-round use, whether to use a seasonal closure to maintain habitat effectiveness. Whether a spring/summer closure should be used in addition to reductions in road and trail density What specific types of vegetation management goals should be use to benefit wildlife, reduce fire danger, and retain functional trail system. Specific management policy for South Millican area, what seasonal use period to implement, or reduction in road/trail density.	Whether roads only designation north of Prineville Reservoir adequately consider wildlife habitat. Whether or not Badlands is Closed to all motorized vehicles (Option 1) or whether Route 8 is the only route open (Option 2).
	Area immediately west of State Highway 27 south of Reservoir Road (changed from		

Interest	Consensus	No Consensus	May Have Consensus
Aspects to Improve			
	motorized use on designated roads and trails)		
	Maintain the non-motorized trail emphasis designation as in Alt 6 (motorized use on roads only) in the following areas:		
	Northwest (Squaw Creek) area (includes seasonal closure for deer winter range on roads)		
	Skeleton Fire area		
Diversity of recreational opportunities			
Improve recreation opportunities in proximity to local communities	Designate the following areas as multiuse shared facilities (motorized use on roads and trails) year-round Steamboat Rock management (changed from non-motorized trail emphasis (motorized use on roads only)) to multi-use shared facilities (both motorized and non-motorized users share the same trails, with exception of Deschutes River corridor, which has non-m0torized trails only. Steamboat Rock closure to full-sized vehicles.) Area north of State Highway 126 and east of the North Unit Canal (changed from non-motorized emphasis (motorized use on roads only))	Whether to provide motorized trail opportunities anywhere in area north of Prineville Reservoir (recreation opportunities close to communities)	
	Area south of Rosland OHV play area (La Pine) (changed from motorized use on roads only with seasonal closure) to designated roads and trails year-round.		

Interest	Consensus	No Consensus	May Have Consensus
Aspects to Improve			
	Retain 70% habitat effectiveness in other areas of La Pine		
2. Economic Viability and Contribution to local Economy Provide for mineral availability west of Highway 97 and provide for emphasis of PMV populations	Modify Peck's Milkvetch ACEC to Exclude Minerals site N in a manner that would not put Peck's Milkvetch population at risk.		
Reduce impacts to permittees and local economy from loss of permit	Add factors and equation to conflict/demand formulas. (Ise an equation (or scorecard) to estimate "conflict" for each allotment. Include the following three topic areas in the equation: Social conflict factors, Economic factors, and Ecological conflict factors. Social would include recreation, residential zoning, and land ownership/disposal zoning. Economic would be divided into two categories: BLM and permittee. The BLM factors would include fences, water developments and cattleguards, and the permittee factors would be represented by the "waiting list" for the specific allotment (the waiting list would naturally reflect need for fences, cattleguards, and other factors). Ecological conflict factors would include Rangeland S&Gs, T&E species, wildlife special habitats, and ACECs/WSAs/W&SR (the values for which these areas were designated rather than just whether the area is designated or not).	Identify additional factors to include in each conflict category, and define what each means and how it is scored (including how we weight each factor). Identify where we draw the line for areas "closed" and "open" to grazing (far ends of spectrum). Decide what happens to allotments with middle scores (create grass bank, modify grazing or other uses, a combination, or other options). Decide what happens when permits are relinquished (decision may depend on identified conflict level in allotment).	

Interest Aspects to Improve	Consensus	No Consensus	May Have Consensus
7 ispects to improve	We agreed that allotments scoring at one extreme would be closed (AUMs unavailable, or AUMs moved to another area), and allotments scoring at the other extreme would remain available for livestock grazing.		
3. Community			
Integration and			
Contribution to			
Public Projects			
Improve Recreation/wildlife connectivity			
Designation of Z-1 lands	The selection of Zone 1 lands were driven by community emphasis on retention of public lands – especially in large blocks and defined after considerable discussion about selection of Zone 2, Zone 3, and Community Expansion lands.		
Designation of Z-2 lands	Z-2 lands were selected from fringe parcels on major blocks, isolated parcels in close proximity to major blocks, and isolated parcels in the Prineville block. The designation of Z-2 was preferred over Z-3 in the Prineville block, emphasizing the acquisition of parcels within the planning area, rather than the possibility of loosing from the total area of public lands in the planning area. The primary purposes for exchanging lands would be to improve habitat connectivity between blocks of public lands, or to block up the larger blocks of public lands	Lands made available for exchange would only be exchanged for lands within the same geographic area. Concerns were expressed that limiting lands to a specific locale would limit the flexibility to make beneficial acquisitions throughout the planning area.	

Designation of Z-3 lands

Z-3 lands selected are the three isolated 40's between Bend and Redmond, and the five parcels along Burgess Road and an adjacent road in La Pine. All parcels no longer served a public purpose, and those in La Pine were of interest to the community.

Better integrate community expansion needs, diversity of recreation opportunities, and aesthetic values East of Redmond to the canal and south to the proposed 126 realignment. A 500' buffer west of the canal ROW would be managed cooperatively to preserve options for future trail relocation.

South of the fairgrounds - No "transition zone" emphasizing native vegetation would be required on community expansion lands, BLM would provide visual buffers between recreation use and private lands, provide input to County or City landscape management approval process to emphasize transition zone, or include as part of R&PP requirements.

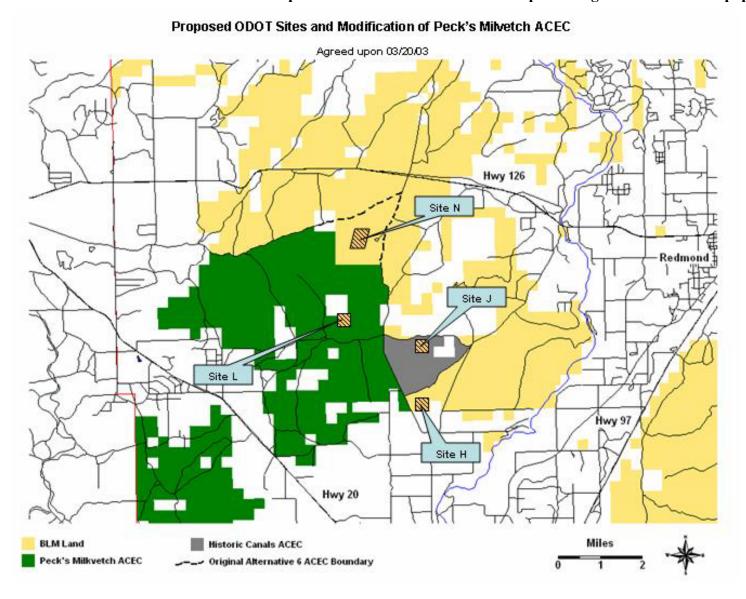
South of Redmond (south of the north boundary line of township 16), identified as the Sawtooth area, would be made available only for parks and other open space uses.

In La Pine area continue land designations as in Alternative 6, Retain Rosland OHV area and retain a safe trail ink between Rosland and adjacent areas, with a width adequate to reduce impacts of community use on recreation activities

4. Old Growth Juniper Management Provide emphasis for OG juniper conservation and economic and recreational opportunities	Maintain general conservation strategy for all old-growth juniper within range as in Alt 6	Designation of OG JUOC ACECs or emphasis areas in place of ACECs. Some agree on "OG Woodland Emphasis Area" instead of ACEC Need to firm up boundary of proposed 5 th emphasis area.	
Other Areas of Possible Consensus			
Military Uses Provide for military training activities consistent with general public uses			Military use area as outlined in Alternative 6, but deleting the area adjacent to Pronghorn Resort. Add a seasonal closure in rotational area along, Millican plateau near Prineville for pronghorn winter range ⁴ . Miltary use in area closed to motorized uses at northern tip of Millican plateau may require exception depending upon intended training uses. Restriction on full size vehicles in the Steamboat Rock Area, may require exceptions depending upon intended training uses
Transportation and Utilities			Allocation of transportation corridor between south Redmond and Deschutes Jct including a Quarry Street interchange
Economic Viability			Mineral availability east of Hwy 97; 1/8 mile buffer around residential and recreational development
Recreation			Managed Trail Systems – emphasis on designated trail systems Some shared/some separated uses Everything open to hikers

⁴ December 1 – April 30

Modification of Alternative 6 Pecks Milkvetch ACEC to Create Preferred Alternative. The subcommittee agreed to this modification of alternative 6 which provides access to Site N while still protecting Peck's Milkvetch population

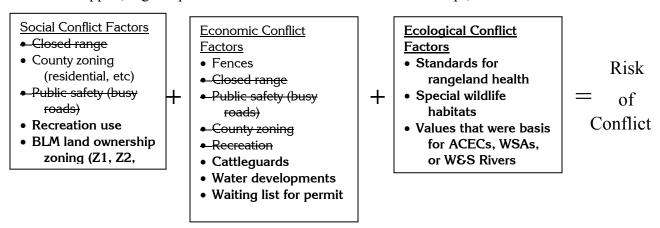


Livestock grazing

The following summarizes the status of the preferred alternative for grazing

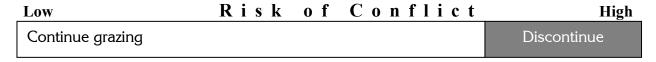
At our last all-Issue Team meeting (2/11/03), we presented the proposed draft alternatives. The Subcommittee met two weeks later, and decided to use Alternative 6 as a starting point for developing the Preferred Alternative.

How to predict areas at highest risk of conflict: Alternative 6 used **social** and **economic** conflict factors to estimate which allotments had highest potential for problems. The Subcommittee decided to continue to use **social** and **economic** conflict factors to estimate risk for problems, but to slightly modify what these factors include. They also decided to add some **ecological** conflict factors to the equation. In the diagram below, cross-out means the factor was in Alt 6 but has been dropped; regular print means it was in Alt 6 and has been kept; bold means it was added.



We have not had time as a group to define exactly what each factor means, whether we need to add more factors to the list, and whether some factors should be weighted more than others.

<u>How to reduce risk of conflict:</u> In Alternative 6, we addressed the potential for problems by discontinuing livestock grazing in areas where the risk of problems was greatest. Illustration:



The Subcommittee chose to carry forward the concept of discontinuing livestock grazing in allotments with the greatest risk for problems, and continuing livestock grazing in allotments not at risk for problems. While we agreed that allotments at the high end of the potential conflict scale would be "closed," and those at the low end would remain "open," we have not had time to reach consensus on the outcome when an allotment rates in the middle. Subcommittee members wanted more flexibility than just "open" or "closed." For example, could we put allotments into "Grass Bank" status, or modify grazing or other uses to reduce conflicts? Illustration (note that this is a simplified diagram of the process – using three factors in the equation means it is really more a three-dimensional diagram):

Low	Risk of Conflict	High
Continue	3 3 3	Discontinue

And we have not reached consensus on what happens when a permittee voluntarily relinquishes a permit. There is support for allowing it in some instances (some permits within the Badlands WSA).

During the course of the presentation it was noted that noxious weeds and cultural resources should also be factors considered

Following the presentation of the present status of the preferred alternative the subcommittee gathered again and reviewed the areas of no consensus to determine if there were additional areas where consensus could be developed. The following table reflects the outcome of that review.

Areas of Disagreement with Subcommittee Consensus

	AESTHETIC VALUES	COMMUNITY INTEGRATION	RECREATION	ECONOMIC INTERESTS	ECOSYSTEM
Wildlife/ Recreation/ Aesthetic	a) Lower trail density will be trails not roads for Smith Canyon/ Steamboat Rock; b) Modified Badlands Option 1: close Route 8, but ADA access c) Smith Canyon: not motorized.	a) Maximize use west of canal – OPEN – agencies collaborate to solve problems.	a) IDT: integrated veg mgmt for N. Millican to consider rec use as well as wildlife; b) Cline Buttes: private property buffer c)? Horse Ridge closed to motor vehicles d)? Crooked River north of Prineville Reservoir closed to motor vehicles e)? Mayfield Block roads only.	a) Retain area between Smith Canyon & Hwy 20 as non-motorized; b) Uncertainty about trade-offs for non-motorized use (need more clarity before agreement).	a) South of Juniper Acres: roads for administrative use only; b) Clarify N. Millican (1) that 1.5 miles is a concept not a target, and (2) analysis area to be N. Millican (OHV map).
Mineral/ PMV/ Grazing	©	©	©	©	a) Add noxious weeds to ecological category for grazing formula.
Community/ Recreation/ Wildlife	a) Z-2 lands should be considered for exchange for any private lands across the planning area; "No restrictions on Z-2 land exchange, except LaPine: no net loss."	a) Maximize flexibility in Z-2 exchanges – anywhere in planning area b) buffer 500' from center of canal, rather than 750').	a) Trail link in LaPine must be wide enough to avoid effluent.	a) Revisit Z-3 re: existing rights (e.g. Young's Pit). (ok as is, with expressed intent)	a) ID area south of Juniper Acres to exchange only to block up (options: Objective, Restriction, Z-1 designation); b) Clarify expected uses on Community Expansion lands (parks & open space, industrial/commercial, road corridors, airport, etc.).
Old Growth Juniper/ Economic/ Recreation	a) Old growth juniper emphasis area designa- tion, specific areas to be determined by BLM staff – best option to protect resource.			©	©

Bold indicates consensus developed at meeting, Italics indicates consensus that there is no need to change

The Issue team then reviewed other elements of the proposed preferred alternative to determine whether or not there was consensus among the team.

Other Areas of Consensus

Military Uses: Military use area as outlined in Alternative 6, but deleting the area adjacent to Pronghorn Resort. Add a seasonal closure in rotational area along, Millican plateau near Prineville for pronghorn winter range. Military use in area closed to motorized uses at northern tip of Millican plateau may require exception depending upon intended training uses. Restriction on full size vehicles in the Steamboat Rock Area, may require exceptions depending upon intended training uses. Added at meeting: Regarding Crooked River area, IDT to consider (1) Closing north area to motorized vehicles, consistent with public use restrictions; (2) Draw east boundary for military at buffer before ridge; (3) Make exceptions for motorized use for purpose of clean-up activities; (4) Make exception for rappelling training over the ridge.

Transportation and Utilities: Allocation of transportation corridor between south Redmond and Deschutes Junction including a Quarry Street interchange. *Consensus on statement without changes*.

Economic Viability: Mineral availability east of Hwy 97; *minimum* 1/8 mile buffer around residential and recreational development (*italics added at meeting*).

Recreation: Managed Trail Systems - emphasis on designated trail systems; some shared, some separated uses (estimate 60/30/10% undesignated); everything open to hikers. Consensus on statement without changes.

Though public comment was requested there was none.

The meeting was concluded by having the team evaluate the Public Involvement Process

	January 2002
<pre>} } Develop Alternatives }</pre>	February – June 2002
Alternatives	January 2003
	} } Develop Alternatives } Alternatives

Develop Consensus on Preferred Alternative April 2003

Evaluation of Process

Best Use of Our Time:

- Developing consensus on Preferred Alternatives (last 3 months)
- Experience on Land Ownership Team issues objective, concrete
- Use of small groups to learn, resolve issues
- Issue review at start of process, educational

- Dialog between interests
- Education of BLM
- Relationships developed
- Breaking planning area down into smaller geographic areas
- Maps
- Very successful process with full involvement
- Listening incorporated into final product
- All interests effectively represented
- Better buy-in & implementation
- Worthwhile experiment hope it gets replicated
- Many intangible benefits
- Have to go through this to get the outcome
- Issue development at beginning of process
- Greater breadth of public involvement would decrease the depth of involvement

Not Worth the Time:

- Discussion before the maps were available
- Review/rank/rate Alternatives
 - o BLM pick one to begin consensus process
 - o Make the ratings mean more in the Subcommittee
- Having to evaluate each Alternative separately
 - o Pick & choose good elements of each Alternative to give to Subcommittee
- Gap between our Issue Team's work & BLM's synthesis at the following meeting
- Representation here may not reflect the general public

Do Differently:

- More information about Current Conditions at beginning
- Shorten/Streamline process, get BLM expertise/analysis/data before having to evaluate Alternatives
- Cart before the horse environmental effects & consequences outlined before rating Alternatives
- Motorized recreation still unclear
- Minimal public input: missing radical outlook, & also mainstream views (mostly government people here)
- BLM propose we evaluate/modify
- Local media should do more reporting to general public
 - o Get public comment on an ongoing basis, rather than at the end
- Get a GIS guy/gal on real early!

Notes / Questions:

- Now up to the BLM to take all this information & integrate it into a Preferred Alternative!
- Will we recognize the final product?
- Will the public support the Preferred Alternative?
 - o That will be the true measure of our success

Attending:

Issue team Members Present

Jim Anderson
Glen Ardt
Jerry Cordova
Randy Davis
Bob Davison
Mark Devoney
Joani Duford
Jerry Elliott
Ed Faulkner
Brent Fenty
Brian Ferry
Russ Frost

Susan Gray Bill Fockler Alan Henning

Nancy Gilbert

Jamie Hildebrandt Bill McCaffrey Catherine Morrow Clay Penhollow

Bill Peterson Darrell Pieper Barbara Pieper

George Read Walt Schloer Sarah Thomas

Paul Thomasberg

Marie Towe Alan Unger

Alan Van Vliet

Kerrie Wallace

Martin Winch

Robin Vora

Larry Zakrajsek Walter Ponsford **BLM Staff Present**

Robert Towne Mollie Chaudet Phil Paterno Ron Wortman Greg Currie Bill Dean Keith Brown Michelle McSwain Ron Gregory Mike Williams

Facilitator

Terry Morton